Kensington Author Devoted to Tracing Family Roots

By ROBERT L. COHEN

Remember when Dorothy opened the door of her Kansas home and instantly entered another world — in this case, the magical land of Oz — as the screen, and Dorothy's and our vista, was lit with gorgeous color? Talking with Kensington resident Arthur Kurzweil, one gets the sense that when he researches his family history he enters another world, the world of his Polish and Hungarian grandparents and several centuries of great-grandparents and great-great-grandparents as well — and for him, it is an enchanted one.

For Kurzweil, this journey represents not only a genealogical tour de force but a spiritual pilgrimage, bringing him closer to a religious universe — that of hisancestors and of his contemporary "ultra-Orthodox" cousins in Israel — in which he feels far more at home, in some respects, than in 1980s America.

It has brought him to Jewish cemeteries in Poland and to the reconstruction, by means of documents and stories, of the texture of the lives of relatives murdered in the Holocaust.

It has led him to discover living relatives as close as Williamsburg and Brooklyn, and as far away as South America, Australia and Switzerland, and to establish close friendships — which he now numbers among his most valued relationships — with many of them.

A Spiritual Pursuit

It has enabled him to meet two of world Jewry's literary and intellectual giants: Elie Wiesel, the Holocaust writer, and Adin Steinsalz, perhaps the most brilliant living scholar of Talmud.

And it has transformed his personal and professional life. Once a film librarian in Plainfield, N.J., his life is now tied up with the study of Judaica — as one of the busiest Jewish speakers in the country; as an editor at a Jewish educational publishing house; and as the author of From Generation to Generation: How To Trace Your Jewish Genealogy and Personal His-



For Kensington author Arthur Kurzweil, tracing his family history is a spiritual pilgrimage that brings him closer to the lost world of his ancestors in Eastern Europe. Photo by Mike Stein.

My Generations: A Course in Jewish Family Poland), and in the songs his father sang History (Behrman House).

for America's most celebrated genealogist, spring of 1970, Dobromil ceased to be "the Alex Haley. But Kurzweil does not take mythical kingdom where my father's storkindly to the suggestion that his family researches (which began well before *Roots* it had long been, for Kurzweil, in fantasy: was published) are something of a fad. As he points out, genealogy is a time-honored Jewish tradition, going back to the Bible itself, with its incantatory enumerations of who begat whom, and since reflected in everything from the names customarily given Jewish children at birth to the tombstone inscriptions that mark their deaths. Often, a Jewish author's family tree would be included in the front matter of his book.

Kurzweil's curiosity about his roots was nurtured in childhood: in the stories his father told him about Arthur's grandpartory, recently reissued in paperback by ents in Dobromil (a town in Galicia, which

Schocken Books, and the just-published was variously part of Austria, Russia and for him, whose lyrics he in turn had Genealogy was also a spiritual pursuit learned from his ancestors. But in the ies took place" and became in reality what an object of obsession and passionate historical romance, and the definer of a new vocation for one of its descendants.

Piece By Piece

In a "memorial book" produced in New something about Jewish rituals. York by former residents of the town, Arthur found a photograph, familiar to tinsmith (a.k.a. Julius Kurzweil), posed he wished to.

His memory jogged by the map, his history of political activism. father provided more details and stories people who would know more.

Kurzweil was launched on a spiritual journey: one that would take him through hours of poring over ship manifests (passenger lists); immigration and naturalization papers: birth, marriage, and death certificates; and even telephone books from Eastern Europe. Through dozens of calls to "Kurzweils" listed in out-of-state telephone directories. Through hours of talking to his relatives and to people who knew his grandparents and great-grandparents.

From Recipe to Ritual

His new book. My Generations, which is addressed primarily to pre-bar and bat mitzvah Jewish children but which he hopes will reach people of every age, reflects the dual nature of his obsession with genealogy: It is both a hobby - he researches family history like other people collect stamps — and a mission, a calling.

In a pleasant, "scrapbook" style, the book invites readers to collect and record a rich variety of information about their relations and ancestors: family stories and sayings, ancestors' occupations, heirlooms, even recipes. All are seen as points of connection not only to "your roots" — in this case, to the history of Jewish families and communities - but to Jewish culture and traditions generally, to "how they lived" in previous generations.

A recipe in the Kurzweil family for several generations calls for "one glass of milk," without specifying the size of the glass: Is it six ounces, eight ounces, 10 ounces? The explanation: This branch of the Kurzweil family was poor, and like many other poor Jews, they used standard-sized "yahrtzeit" glasses — designed to hold 24-hour memorial candles — for drinking and measuring as well. So understanding a recipe can teach you

My Generations is not merely a "hobby" book; it is, in Kurzweil's words, "an him, of his great-grandfather, Yudl the attempt to give Jewish teachers in America a tool with which to help young people with other Dobromil members of the arti-make certain kinds of discoveries." And san's guild to which he belonged. Judging it's in that spirit that Kurzweil encourages by Arthur's recounting of it in From Gen-people to become genealogists themeration to Generation, this discovery was selves, finding out things that matter to nothing less than transfixing. Finding that them about their own family histories. For photograph in the book brough home to Kurzweil this has meant delving primarhim that he had a past and a history, and ily into his family's religious life; for that they were there for him to reclaim if others it might mean uncovering their family's occupational or artistic past, or a

For a start, Kurzweil encourages readabout life in Dobromil. Members of the ers to learn what their names mean. His society that had produced the book pro- originally meant "jester" or "storyteller" vided other data: names of members of the — which, given Arthur's proclivity for Kurzweil family, details and stories about both pursuits, confirms for him a saying their life in Dobromil, names of other quoted in both of his books, that "All our ancestors are in each of us.